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—BY—
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The Washington Press.

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PRESS PRINTING OFFICE

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PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Important Information Gathered Around the Coast.

ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST.

A Summary of Late Events That Are Rolled Down to Suit Our Busy Readers.

Palo Alto, Cal., has voted to issue $40,000 sewer bonds.

Near Chino, Cal., are daily quarried 30 tons limestone.

Hawaii, U. S. A., proposes to quadruple its sugar output by 1902.

The Northern Pacific Railway is completed to Hoquiam, Wash.

The McCloud River, Cal., Railway is being extended to Bartles.

Washington estimates the total hop crop of the State this season at 30,000 bales.

Spokane, Wash., Portland, Or., and San Francisco are now connected by long-distance telephone.

Myrtle logs are shipped from Marshfield, Or., to San Francisco by S. R. Davis for the Union Iron Works for blocking in the new dry dock.

Four lime kilns are kept steadily burning at Roche Harbor, Wash. A shipment of 8000 barrels of lime was recently loaded from that point.

The San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley Railroad will pass into the hands of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad about January 1st, '99.

Blair & Barnes, Valley Center, Cal., are bottling rattlesnake oil. They recently captured 60 snakes in one den. Each snake nets them 75 cents.

The Tacoma, Wash., Mill Co. has an order for 1000 M feet of fir lumber for shipment to Hamburg, Germany, and includes 200 M feet ship's decking.

The San Francisco Harbor Commissioners will charge the California State Board of Trade $115 per month for its new quarters in the Ferry building.

The Mt. Whitney Elecrtic Power Co. is diverting water from the Kaweah river, Tulare, Cal., to furnish power and light to Visalia, Tulare and Porterville.

Yield of dry wines in California this year is estimated 8,000,000 gallons, as against 27,000,000 gallons last year.

CAUSE FOR DISMISSAL.

The Civil Service Commission Issues a Circular.

Washington. — The Civil Service Commission has issued a circular which is being sent to the members of the 700 boards of examiners throughout the country on the "Political Activity of Federal Officers and Employes." It calls attention to extracts from the Executive instructions of July 14, 1896, which, the circular says, are still in force, and which are republished for the information and guidance of all officers and employes in the executive civil service. The circular then says:

"The Postmaster-General, in a letter dated August 8, 1898, stated that the order of the President above quoted has been neither revoked nor modified.

"Those who enter the classified service upon the ground of ascertained merit as established by the civil service rules, and are protected therein, should be quick to recognize the reciprocal regulations thereby imposed, and avoid any action which, now or at any future time, could reasonably be subject to adverse criticism. The Commission believes that the interests of the service will be promoted by non-partisanship on the part of the members of its boards of examiners in political convention as a delegate, or membership upon a political committee, is not in itself a violation of the civil service rules, the Commission holds that all partisan activity, if sufficient to impair usefulness as representative of the Civil Service Commission, is sufficient to cause removal from membership on any of its boards of examiners.

Section 2 of the civil Act of January, 1883, provides that no person in the service has any right to use his official authority or influence to coerce the political action of any person or body."

Machinery and Labor.

Washington. — The results of a thorough investigation ordered by Congress and just completed showing the effects of machinery on labor and incidental questions constitute the thirteenth annual report of the Commissioner of Labor. The statistics of cost reported involve only the actual labor expense. The report goes into details, and, among other things, says:

"There would be no quarrel with the conclusion that machinery has lowered the cost of products, and when it is known that under the machine method there is an increased demand for labor, as a rule, the bearing of the supply of labor becomes problematical. Sometimes there is a lack, often times a surplus of labor. The statistical

CUBAN RIGHTS.

General Wood Issues a Proclamation at Santiago.

AMERICAN LAWS PUT IN OPERATION.

Yellow Fever Stamped Out at Guantanamo—The Health of the Troops Steadily Improving.

New York.—A cable to the Sun from Santiago says: General Wood has issued his first proclamation since his assumption of command of the Department of Santiago. The proclamation, which refers to the policy the Americans will pursue in governing the territory under their jurisdiction, was published in English and Spanish local papers, and was struck off on handbills in large type and posted in conspicuous places in the city and other important towns in the province.

In his proclamation General Wood says the policy of the Americans has been to follow the old laws as far as practicable, but owing to the incompatibility of some of the laws with the altered conditions, a definite declaration of American policy is necessary. The first clause of the proclamation says the people will have the right to assemble peaceably to discuss public questions, to petition the authorities for redress of grievances, etc.

No restraint will be placed on religion. The right of the inabitants to follow any creed will not be questioned, nor will religious predilection disqualify any citizen who is otherwise capable from holding any office or public trust. The courts will be open to all, and justice will be swiftly administered. No property will be taken for public use without fair compensation to the owners.

In criminal cases, accused persons will have the right of representation by counsel. No man will be compelled to give self-incriminating evidence. Bail will be accepted in all cases except such as involve capital punishment. The writ of habeas corpus cannot be suspended except when the Commanding General deems it advisable.

The proclamation promises that no one shall be placed twice in jeopardy of life and liberty for the same offense. No excessive fines or punishments will be imposed. Writs of search and seizure will only be issued in exceptional cases.

General Wood released the last of

ADMIRAL SAMPSON'S STORY.

Declares He Could Have Taken the City —Preparing to Enter Santiago When the Town Fell.

Washington.—The Navy Department has made public that portion of Admiral Sampson's report covering the conduct of the fleet under his command, in its operations in the West Indies for about two months prior to the destruction of Admiral Cervera's ships on July 3d. It is made up largely of official dispatches and records of the movements of the fleet, with explanations and comments by the Admiral.

The report is dated August 3d, on the flagship New York, and begins with a statement of the determination reached by the Department to send a squadron to the Windward passage for the purpose of observation, because of information received of the sailing on April 29th of Admiral Cervera's squadron from the Cape Verde islands. On the voyage eastward from the naval base at Key West, which began May 4th Admiral Sampson reports there was experienced endless trouble and delay, because of the inefficiency of the two monitors accompanying the other ships and which had to be taken in tow. Their coal supply was so small that it was evident that they must either frequently coal or be towed.

The Admiral says: "Had the sea been rough, or had the enemy appeared at this juncture the squadron would have been in a much better position for an engagement had the monitors been elsewhere. Subsequently, when engaging the batteries of San Juan it was evident that their shooting was very bad. Owing to the quick rolling of these vessels, even in a very moderate sea, they were unable to fire with any degree of accuracy."

On May 8th there was a consultation on board the flaghip, and the Admiral says that he decided to stand on to the eastward as far as San Juan, Porto Rico, on the chance of finding the Spanish squadron in that port, where, if they were not successful in destroying it, it could be at least blockaded and held. The squadron arrived off San Juan on the morning of the 12th, and the bombardment of the place ensued.

Regarding his action at this place, the Admiral says: "It was clear to my mind that the squadron would not have any great difficulty in forcing the surrender of the place, but the fact that we should be held several days in completing arrangements for holding it; that part of our force would have to be left to await the arrival of troops to

FOR THE FARMERS.

Some Interesting News for the Ruralist

SPOKEN OF IN THIS COLUMN.

A Few Sensible Hints to Suit the Busy Agriculturist.—Items That May Benefit our Readers.

Slip Shod Horse Breeding.

Judge a farmer by the team he drives. If he drives scrub horses and mules, his farming is done on the scrub plan and he will raise scrub colts, because he will breed his scrub mares to the cheapest stallion, with no regard to improvement; only the color must suit his taste, but he cares nothing for size and quality that go to make up the market requirements; he cares nothing for the market—he does not breed to suit the market, but to suit himself, and never has a good horse to sell.

An exchange says one who is not a plug farmer should be ashamed of a plug team. Let him raise his own horses and do it to some purpose. He will be silly to breed his large mares to anything short of a pure bred draft stallion. Horses of a good class will do far more work, and the rearing of them will cost no more than will that of poor ones. Owners of good stallions are reporting larger business, and this betokens a healthy condition in the horse breeding industry; and if we will only bear in mind that good horses are the kind wanted, we shall never again have a large surplus on hand, one year after another, with little to do but eating off their heads. It is a pretty heavy drain on a farmer to carry several head of idle horses through a long season. There is no way to figure profit out of them. Sell them, and save the figuring and the oats.

Two good brood mares will bring their owners $400 yearly, at a cost of $50 for service fees, and will do the work of the farm at the same time. While a five dollar fee may bring a $75 horse, for his $25 he can have an animal worth $200.

Get no offspring of an unsound or tricky animal. Never act upon the theory that a mare which is good for nothing else, is good for breeding purposes.

The fluctuation in the prices of horses is almost wholly with those of low grade. There is a certainty that when breeding to a good animal, the

For, that this last is the fact, is the sustained experience of all who give oyster shells regularly to their fowls. To obtain them for use, those living in the neighborhood of large towns or villages can have them for the asking, at the back yards of hotels and restaurants, and very likely the owners will also furnish an old barrel in which to remove them from the premises. Suitable mills can be had at little expense for grinding them and dry bones, etc., from all dealers in poultry supplies; or in the absence of a mill, a large stone in each of your yards and a hammer is a fairly good substitute, and care must be exercised lest the eager beaks of the fowls do not get crushed as well as the shells. A plentiful supply of this crushed shell should be kept in shallow boxes in the yards where the flock can have free access to them, and refilled as necessity requires. For persons living near many of the creeks throughout this region, a very good substitute may be found in the common muscle shell, which is of the same nature as the oyster shell, and in many places can be gathered up by the wagon-load. If neither of these methods are convenient, the oyster shell can be bought, all ready for use, of any dealer in poultry supplies, at a nominal cost. Try the experiment of feeding plenty of crushed oyster shell and ground bone to the flock for a short time, and note the result—an increased productiveness, as well as increased health and vigor of the flock.

The Western Farmer.

When one bears testimony to the fineness and beauty of all this array of machinery—a beauty that lies in the ever-increasing perfection of its fitness for the conditions that have to be met—one is really paying a tribute to the brains, energy, character of the Western farmer, writes Dr. Shaw in the Century. I have been on the Hungarian plains and witnessed the costly attempts of a progressive government to teach the landowners and peasants the use of improved farm machinery imported from America, or else adapted from American types. And I have also observed—what is confessed by the government and noted by all who visit those regions—the persistent fact of scores of men, women and children in the cornfields with old-fashioned hoes, while long rows of white-tunicked men, in the hay field or the ripe grain, are swinging sickles and short scythes. And a little later in the season it is common enough to see the oxen treading out the grain, or to hear the thud of the descending flail. Meanwhile, the new-fashioned corn plows are rusting; the rejected mowing and reaping

THE MASKED ASSASSIN.

A Cowardly Anonymous Attack Made Upon the Character of State Printer A. J. Johnston.

In the eyes of the law the act of homicide, or the taking of human life by the hand of man, is regulated in its degree of enormity by the manner in which the crime is committed, or in the means used in its accomplishment.

So it is, also, in the attempt to commit a homicide—the manner in which such attempt is made has much to do wth the severity of the punishment which the law exacts in its atonement. Thus, for example, the would-be assassin, who, under cover of a disguise, lies in the shadow of his intended victim's own cottage, and, with sandbag and revolver, springs upon his prey without warning, and attempts to murder and to rob him, is regarded, not only by the law, but by all mankind, as the most dangerous, because the most cowardly, of criminals; and the punishment provided for such crime is justly more severe than that inflicted for other forms of murderous assault.

So it is in political affairs. The people will tolerate the most vigorous contests between parties and between individuals for political perferment; but they love fair play, and when the methods of the footpad are invoked and the anonymous assassination of character is attempted, they will surely revolt, and those who resort to such tactics will be made to feel a most emphatic manifestation of popular condemnation. Such an assault has just been made by the disguised agents of the school-book ring against State Printer A. J. Johnston, who is now a candidate for re-election. The attack is made through the medium of a cowardly anonymous circular, issued just before election by unseen hands and by those who have neither the courage nor the manhood to make themselves known to the public.

The "charges" contained in the circular are but a reiteration of those made two years ago, which were prompted by the same influence, and which were thoroughly investigated at the time by a non-partisan joint committee of the two houses of the Legislature, and from which charges said committee entirely and completely exonerated Mr. Johnston, the report of the investigating committee concluding as follows:

"We desire to say that we have been agreeably surprised in finding the system that prevails in this institution. It is larger than we, or, we are satisfied, a majority of the people of the State realized. We find that Mr. Johnston, the Superintendent, is a

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IRVINGTON, ALAMEDA CO., CAL.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year $2.00 Six Months $1.25.
Three Mo .75 One Month .25.
Single Copy Five cents.

Advertising rates made known on application to this office.

Entered at the post-office at Irvington as second class mail matter.

THURSDAY, OCT. 27, 1898

Washington township will go Republican by a large majority on November 8th if every member of the party does his duty.

Gage, if elected, will give our State a plain, common sense administration. And that is what we need.

Stand by the Republican party on election day. Vote for every man on the ticket from Gage down to our township constables.

From now on until election day look out for slanderous stories told on the Republican candidates. Do not let these reports turn your vote.

Frank Jordan has made the most efficient County Clerk Alameda County has ever had. Bear this in mind and vote accordingly.

Irvington should have the Justice of Peace office. Of course you are aware that E. B. Thompson is out for that office.

Arthur W. Feidler, Republican nominee for County Treasurer, is one of the most popular and highly respected citizens of Livermore. His acquaintences are nearly all his earnest champions and they all declare that he is a sure winner.

Dr. H. B. Mehrmann, Republican candidate for Coroner, is generally conceeded to be one of the strongest men on the party's ticket. A scholary man, occupying an enviable position in his profession, [illegible] public office

Hawes of San Leandro, who aspires to be our Public Administrator on the Republican ticket The affairs of this office could not be put into better hands than those of Mr. B. C. Hawes, whose business and personal record will bear careful inspection. Let us have a good man for this office.

For County Superintendent of Schools we have Mr. S. D. Waterman of Berkeley, a gentleman of ability and a well-known educator. His work in our schools has been most satisfactory and he will fill this important office in a painstaking manner. Remember him.

It takes a good and true man to fill the office of Sheriff of such a county as Alameda, and a man for this most important office is not to be selected at random. The Republican party made no mistake when they nominated Mr. Oscar Rogers for the place. As Chief of Police of the city of Alameda for several years he has made a record that any man may well be proud. That he will keep up the good work if elected Sheriff goes without saying and if you wish to know that there is a good man in the sheriffs' office remember him by putting a cross opposite his name on the 8th of November.

When the coming election shall have become a thing of the past, another important matter will commence to engage the earnest consideration of the people in this section, and that is the plan of dividing this county. There is already a very well defined feeling in favor of this project, and it seems probable that within a short time we will see two counties made of the teritory now embraced in Alameda.—Elmhurst Review.

Our Illustrated Special Edition was published to advertise Washington Township. Help do the advertising by investing in a copy and sending it to a friend. Ten cents is the price.

The city evening papers come at 6:08 p. m. as usual. Mail papers do not arrive until 7:13.

Amatuer photographers should bring their work to me. Developing, printing and mounting done at low rates. H. E. Kelley at the Press office.

The Special Edition of

—THE—

Washington "Press"

IS NOW OUT

44 Pages. - 137 Fine Illustrations.

A SUPBERB ISSUE

Special Articles by Special Writers.

HALF-TONE ILLUSTRATIONS

Of the HOMES, BUSINESS-HOUSES, CHURCHES etc. of Washington Township.

Send It Away!

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Thomas C Huxley
Attorney-at-Law.
CENTREVILLE, - - - CAL.

B. C. MICKLE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Residence at CENTREVILLE.

Jno. G. MATTOS, Jr.
Attorney-at-Law.
CENTREVILLE,
ALAMEDA CO. - - - CAL.

George F. Chalmers
Physician and surgeon
Niles, Cal., Office Drug Store.

J. H. Durham, D. D. S
DENTIST DENTIST
FORD'S BUILDING, IRVINGTON.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 A. M.
2 to 5 P. M

MISCELLANEOUS.

Gregory
CENTERVILLE ALAMEDA CO House

The leading hotel of the town.

Table first-class. Service second to none in the State.

First-class livery stable in connection with the House.

CYCLERS HEADQUARTERS.

A. S. OLNEY, Prop.

THE "Palm" Saloon.

Curtner Seminary

For YOUNG LADIES.

This institution established in January 1895, has grown to be one of the Largest and most Progressive institutions for

Young Ladies

in the West.

Seven distinct Courses of Study.

Conservatory advantages in Music.

Elegant Surroundings and Cultured Home Influences combined with the best Educational advantages.

EXPENSES LOW.

Send for Catalogue.

H. C. INGRAM,

Irvington, Cal.

R. VOLMER. W. G. LOWRY.

Lowry & Volmer,

SUCCESSORS TO

LOWRY, STELLER & VOLMER'S

Decoto and Irvington

Iron Warehouses

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS

And Dealers in

Grain, Bags, Etc. Etc.

The Rain-fall.

Furnished weekly by H. Crowell. Rain for storm is brought up to Wednesday afternoon:

Storm..... .30 in.
Season to date..... 2.40 in.

LOCAL LINERS.

Be sure and vote for No. 181.

Miss Mary Redding is very ill.

This town was well represented at the circus Monday.

Mrs. Pearson of Warm Springs visited in town Monday.

Geo. Cash went to the city last evening on lodge business.

Vote for Charles H. Spear for County Recorder (incumbent).

Don't forget about the opening of the Newark Coursing Park.

Will Hirsch has erected two wind-mills in this vicinity lately.

Tony Rose is erecting a neat cottage below Rev. Durham's place.

Special sale of shoes and groceries at O. N. Hirsch & Co.'s for 15 days only.

Con Cronin, an employee of the Alvarado sugar factory visited his folks here Friday.

Ladies $2.50 shoes in all styles, reduced to $1.25 for 15 days at O. N. Hirsch & Co.'s.

Voters when you stamp your ticket on election day be sure and place a cross opppsite No. 181.

A number of our young people attended the invitation dancing party at Niles Friday evening.

From the wineries in this vicinity is daily being shipped to San Francisco large quantities of grape pulp.

You get a whole lot for your money when you buy a copy of our Illustrated Special Edition for ten cents.

Grape picking is nearly over in this vicinity. The Palmdale will close down the last of this week or the first of next.

"Roxie," one of Mrs. E. B. Thompsons St. Barnard pups has been sold to a gentleman in Crockett and was shipped Saturday.

Don't fail to attend the lecture by Rev. Sweeney of Chicago at the Curtner Seminary tomorrow evening. All invited. Admission free.

A bus load of Irvington young people went to San Jose Monday

A Young Jockey.

To an Irvington born and raised boy belongs the distinction of being the youngest and one of the most successful jockeys on the Pacific Coast. Although but ten years of age, Leo Persico, the prodigy in question, has shown a remarkable love for horses and aptitude for riding. At the age of six it was his constant and never failing delight to ride. His first possession was a donkey of the burro variety, and he seemed to always be astride of the animal and riding up and down the streets at as fast a pace as whip and spurs could induce his steed to take. But one unlucky day the donkey was gobbled up by the pound man, and, although the youngster worked early and late to earn enough money to redeem him he was unsuccessful and the beast was sold. Shortly after the boy moved with his parents to Ingleside, and Leo was in his glory. He spent nearly all of his time at the track and never missed an opportunity to mount and ride some of the horses. His natural propensities for riding soon brought him to the notice of A. E. Corrigan the wealthy horse owner, who took him in hand and began a system of training that soon developed him into one of the best jockeys on the track. When Mr. Corrigan went East he took young Persico with him and for six months he has been touring the Eastern race track circuit and has won several races, the most noted being the $10,000 Brooklyn Derby. He is now on his way home.

Vote for Charles H. Spear for County Recorder (incumbent).

A California Boy Honored.

To the lot of a California boy, and what is more, a native of our own township, has fallen the great honor of successfully passing the entrance examination of the "Royal Hock Schule" of Berlin, one of the greatest musical universities in the world. Out of sixty-three applicants, Harry Edward Salz was one of the ten successful ones, but as six had already been promised entrance by the board, in reality there were but four left, Mr. Salz being among this latter lucky number.

Harry Edward Salz was born in

Very Much One Sided.

The Alameda Alerts met and vanquished the Falks' Sunday by a score of 11 to 4. Our boys did not play up to their usual high standard and seemed to lack snap and judgement in their play. The visiting nine is one of the best in the Amatuer League, but they have no license to beat the the Falks' as badly as they did on Sunday.

Game was called at 2:15 with Lynch and Cockefair acting as umpires. The Alerts were sent to bat but were retired in short order amid the cheers of the Newarkites. They made up their minds right there to present the Falks' with a number of goose-eggs, and did so, for six consecutive innings At the conclusion of the seventh inning the score stood 4 to 3 in favor of the visitors, and although our boys had been playing an up hill game, their ardent supporters had great hopes that the tide would turn and the Newark colts would come out victorious. Their hopes were utterly dashed to the ground in the next two innings for the Alerts scored no less than seven times and the lead was too much for them to overcome.

—NOTES—

Norris made a pretty double play in the second, retiring the side.

Schwartz, who filled the catchers position captured a foul back of the back-stop, calling forth considerable applause.

Crosby captured a hot grounder near second, touched the base runner and lined the ball to the initial bag. The runner complained to the umpire that Crosby did not touch him but it would not work. Crosby then told the kicker, "It'll touch you next time," and everybody wanted to see the opportunity present itself.

George Graham pulled down two fine flys in centre field in the sixth. Did that glove have anything to do with it, George?

Norris in the seventh was the right man in the right place when he went to bat. A man on first and another on second and not a run made on their side of the tally card up to that time. He lined the ball out in such a way as to bring in a runner and succeeded in reaching second.

The game came near breaking up in a row in the seventh over a decision at the home plate. Cocke-

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Neighborhood News

Centreville Notes.

The young ladies of Centreville will give a social hop in the town hall at Centreville on Friday evening Nov. 11. Admission 50 cents.

A game of foot ball was played Saturday on the High School campus between the school eleven and a picked club. The High School lads won.

The Centreville Athletic Club is to give a social dance in the Town Hall at Centreville on Friday evening, Oct. 28 and if the affair does not prove to be THE event of the season it will be no fault of the committee who has the matter in charge. Admission 50 cents.

Lecture at Curtner.

The managers of Curtner Seminary have arranged with the Rev. G. W. Sweeney of Chicago, who is visiting on the coast, to deliver a lecture at the Seminary on Friday evening, Oct. 28th. Mr. Sweeney is a lecturer of national reputation, and the Seminary has provided a rare treat for their students and the public in securing him. Subject, "Facts, Fun and Fancy," gleaned through travel in many countries. Admission free.

Vote for Charles H. Spear for County Recorder (incumbent).

Dance at Newark.

And still they come! The ever wide-awake Newark Base-ball Club will not be out-done, whether it is

POLITICAL

ADDRESS TO VOTERS.

John Hackett Outlines his Position to the People.

"Equal Justice To All" is the Motto of the Candidate.

Captain John Hackett, candidate for County Assessor, has issued an address to citizens, outling his position and declaring for 'equal and exact justice to all." The statement is as follows:

"To the Electors of Alameda County, Gentlemen:—I address you as an Independent candidate for the office of Assessor. The position I seek at your hands is one of importance, dealing as it does directly with the individual interests of each and every owner of taxable property. Hence it is that in the selection of your County Assessor for the ensuing four years it becomes every man before casting his vote, to calmly and impartially consider the merits, and qualifications of the different candidates for that office.

"He who would faithfully and efficiently discharge the duties of an Assessor, must bring to his task tireless energy and unfaltering conscientiousness combined with an unswerving purpose to turn neither to the right nor to the left; to know neither friend nor foe; to obey the law and to have but one law for all men. His maxim must be 'Equal justice for all; special privileges to none.' He must recognize, and his official acts must exemplify, an exact equality toward all with whom he comes in contact, as the sworn servant of the people. He must not add a straws' weight to one that he may favor another. There must be no discrimination for or against. He must feel that when each one bears his just proportion the load is yet heavy.

"These are my convictions as to the duties of an Assessor and the line of policy which I think he should pursue to fairly and equitably discharge those duties, and should I be chosen to the position I seek, my utmost endeavor will be to follow as closely as possible what I believe to be my duty under the law and to the people. In many counties the charge is made, with, perhaps, more or less foundation in fact, that, through political or other influences, the burden of taxation is unevenly distributed; that the many bear more than their just proportion. To what extent this wrong prevails I am without reliable information. If it prevails in the slightest degree anywhere it is an evil that should nowhere be permitted. The mere shadow of discrimination in favor of or against the property owner in the matter of assessment is in violation of the intent and spirit of the law and a departure from those principles of justice which should govern the official acts of the man in whom his fellow citizens repose trust and confidence.

"The official who can apply to the

Political Cards.

GEORGE BECK,
Regular Democratic, Populist, Silver Republican and Independent Republican Nominee for
COUNTY AUDITOR
OF ALAMEDA COUNTY——
Election Nov. 8, 1898.

DURING MY TERM
I have endeavored in every sense of the word to be the people's
CLERK
I have tried to treat all alike, to to be courteous and accomodating —helpful.
FRANK C. JORDAN
(Present incumbent)
ASKS YOUR SUPPORT.

GEO. W. KRAFT
Of Washington Township for
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR
Of Alameda County.
Nominee of Peoples', Democrat, Silver Republican and Independent Republican Parties.

DR. H. B. MEHRMANN,
Republican Nominee for
CORONER.

WM. McDONALD——
Republican Nominee for
ASSEMBLYMAN, 46th District.

A. W. FEIDLER——
Republican Nominee for
COUNTY TREASURER.

J. A. TREFRY——
Candidate for the office of
CONSTABLE
—Washington Township.
Subject to the will of the voters.

O. M. SANFORD—
Candidate For
COUNTY TREASURER
Nominee of People's Party, Democratic Party, Silver Republicans.

—VOTE FOR—
F. W. SAWYER—
People's Party, Democratic, Silver Republican and Independent Republican Nominee for
DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Election, Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1898.

S. SANDHOLDT

FOR SALE.

UPRIGHT STEAM ENGINE

Carries a Steam pressure of 140 lbs

For particulars inquire of
H. A. MAYHEW,
Niles, Cal.
OR E. B. THOMPSON,
Irvington, Cal.

"A LOVE OF A HAT

Is what a woman said who had purchased one of those pretty creations of the milliuery art of Miss R. HINCKLEY at her store in Irvington.

She Has Advised

all her lady friends to trade at the same place and those who have heeded her advice need never be ashamed of their head wear.

Call in and see Miss Hinckley and be convinced.

Depot Restaurant
— AND —
. . . . . BAR.
RR. Station, - Niles
GEO FISHER, Proprietor.
Lunches put up to order and meals served at short notice.

L. L. Francis,
(Successor to Francis & Trefrey)
UNDERTAKER
—AND—
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
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OUR TREATMENT OF SPANISH CAPTIVES.

Never before in history was there a case where a defeated and captive enemy received such generous treatment as we gave the Spaniards. Equally astonishing are the cures brought about by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Never has there been so successful a medicine for stomach and liver disorders, like dyspepsia, indigestion, billiousness and constipation.

"Ah," said Sherlock Holmes, "the murderer must surely have been a printer," "Why?" "See, he ate the dead man's lunch. Not a crumb left."

DEAR EDITOR:—If you know of a solicitor or canvasser in your city or elsewhere, especially a man who has solicited for subscriptions, insurance, nursery stock, books or tailoring, or a man who can sell goods, you will confer a favor by telling him to correspond with us; or if you will insert this notice in your paper and such parties will cut this notice out and mail to us, we may be able to furnish them a good position in their own and adjoining counties. Address, AMERICAN WOOLEN MILLS CO., Chicago.

"How did Bickerham earn the right to put 'Hon.' in front of his name?" "Someone once mentioned him as justice of the peace."

When coming to San Francisco go to Brooklyn Hotel, 208-212 Bush street. American or European plan. Room and board $1.00 to $1.50 per day; rooms 50 cents to $1.00 per day; single meals 25 cents. Free coach. Chas. Montgomery.

"I wonder why Spain can't float a war loan?" "Because she sunk the Maine."

We pay you $100 if we cannot prove that we can save you MONEY on everything you buy. We are saving the people of the Pacific Coast thousands of dollars every month. For full particulars, address, Gilbert Clements' Sons, 218 California St., San Francisco, Cal., Wholesale and Retailers of Family Supplies.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for **FREE $2.00** trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE Ltd., 930 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

I know that my life was saved by Piso's Cure for Consumption.—John A. Miller, Au Sable, Michigan, April 21, 1895.

A Duel of Blankets.

A returned missionary from southeastern Alaska tells in The Midland Christian Advocate of a strange custom among the Indians of that region:

When a difference arises between two of them, and a friendly settlement seems impossible, one of them threatens the other with dishonor. He will cover the face of his foe with shame. He executes his threat by tearing up a certain number of his own blankets. The only way his antagonist can get even with him is by tearing up a greater number of his own.

If the contest is prolonged, it results in the destruction of all the blankets they have, each Indian destroying his own. The one who destroys the greater number is regarded as having won the fight.

The Fields of Sport.

The Ukiah Hatchery.

One of the most interesting and instructive points to visit in the beautiful little town of Ukiah, the terminus of the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad, is the fish hatchery, which is located in Gibson Canyon, about one mile from the town. There is a well-graded road the entire distance through a most beautiful part of the country, and the trip is interesting enough from every point of view to warrant a visit from every tourist who chances to find himself in that locality.

During the season of 1897 Mr. A. W. Foster, president of the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, being desirous of adding to the attractions of the streams along the line of his road by thoroughly stocking them with fish, caused to be built at Ukiah a fish hatchery, having a capacity of two million eggs, and arranged with the California State Fish Commission to supply the hatchery with trout spawn, with the agreement that the fish should be planted in public waters. The proposal to build a hatchery met with hearty sympathy and support of the residents of Ukiah, and it took but a short time to complete the buildings, dams, etc., and grade a splendid road up the canyon to the point where the hatchery was located. A. V. La Motte was chosen as superintendent, and H. C. Mohn as assistant, and they were soon busily engaged in hatching some seven hundred thousand Mykiss eggs that had been forwarded by the Fish Commission from Lake Tahoe station. These were successfully hatched and afterward liberated in the streams of Marin, Sonoma and Mendocino counties. Two hundred thousand eggs were again forwarded from the Tahoe hatchery in 1898, the majority of which were successfully hatched and planted. In addition to this, many eggs were taken from Eel river by Mr. La Motte, the superintendent of the hatchery, who established a spawning station at Willitts, Mendocino county, about thirty miles from Ukiah. The spawning season at that place commences with the early rains in the fall, and the eggs secured are of the variety known as the Steel Head, while the ones supplied by the State Fish Commission are taken in May and June, are of the variety known as Mykiss or Cut Throat Trout.

During the time the hatchery has been in operation immense numbers of fry have been planted in the numerous streams along the line of the road, the good effects of which are apparent already. Visitors to the hatchery will be received with every courtesy and shown the numerous attractions of the place.

The San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad is the only railroad corporation in the United States which owns and operates its own fish hatchery, and deserve much credit for their enterprise.

The continual whipping of the streams in the northern counties has, without doubt, depleted, to a certain extent, the waters, but it is certain that under the plans now being followed out by the company that within a very short time the three counties above mentioned will furnish fishing equal to that of past years and an attempt will be made to restock the streams in Sonoma county.

THE YOUNG WIFE'S DEVICE.

"OUT again to-night?" said Mrs. Hayes, fretfully, as her husband rose from the tea-table and donned his overcoat.

"Yes; I have an engagement with Moore; shall be in early; leave a light in the library; good night." And with a careless nod William Hayes left the room.

"Always the way," murmured Lizzie Hayes, sinking back upon the sofa; "out every night. I don't believe he cares one bit about me now, and yet we have been married but two years. No man could have a more orderly house, I am sure. And I never go out anywhere; I am not a bit extravagant. Oh, dear! why is it? I was not rich; he did not marry me for money, and he must have loved me then; why does he now treat me with such neglect?" And with her mind filled with such fretful questions, Lizzie Hayes fell asleep on the sofa.

Let me print her picture as she lay there. She was a blonde, with a small, graceful figure and a very pretty face. The hair, which showed by its rich waves its tendency to curl, was brushed smoothly back and gathered into a knot at the back. "It was such a bother to curl it," she said. Her cheek was pale, and her face wore a discontented expression. Her dress was a neat chintz wrapper, but she wore neither collar nor cuffs. "What's the use dressing up just for William?"

Lizzie slept soundly for two hours, and then awoke suddenly. She sat up, glanced at the clock, and sighed drearily at the long interval still to be spent alone before bedtime.

The library was over the room in which she sat, and down the furnace flue, through the register, a voice came to the young wife's ears; it was her husband's.

"Well, Moore, what is a man to do? I was disappointed, and I must have pleasure somewhere. Who could have fancied that Lizzie Jarvis, so perfectly sprightly and loving, could change to the fretful dowdy she now is? Who wants to stay at home and hear his wife whining all the evening about her troublesome servants and headaches and all sorts of bother? She has so got that knack of drawling that, upon my life, I do not believe that she could speak a pleasant word."

Lizzie sat as if stunned. Was this true? She looked in the glass. If not exactly a dowdy, her costume was not fit for an evening at home, with only William to admire. She rose, and slowly went to her room, with bitter and sorrowful thought, and a firm resolution to win back her husband, and then, his love regained, keep it.

The next morning William came into the breakfast room with his usual careless manner, but a bright smile came on his lip as he saw Lizzie. A pretty chintz wrapper, with a neat collar, and sleeves of snowy muslin, and a wreath

"I can play and sing better than Miss Smith," said Lizzie, half pouting.

"But you always say you are out of practice when I ask you."

"I had the piano tuned this morning. Now open it, and we will hear its sounds."

William obeyed her joyfully, and tossing aside her sewing, Lizzie took the piano stool. She had a very sweet voice, not powerful, but most musical, and she was a fair performer, on the piano.

"Ballads, Lizzie."

"Oh, yes! I know you dislike operatic music in the parlor."

The mantel clock struck 11.

"Eleven! I thought it was about 9. I ought to apologize, Lizzie, as I used to do, for staying so long, and, I can truly say, as I did then, that the time has passed so pleasantly I can scarcely believe it is so late."

The piano was closed, Lizzie's work put up in the basket, and William was ready to go up stairs, glancing

IT SEEMED LIKE OLD TIMES.

back, he saw his little wife near the fireplace, her hands clasped, her head bent, and large tears fell from her eyes. He was beside her in an instant.

"Lizzie, darling, are you ill? What is the matter?"

"Oh, William, I have been such a bad wife! I heard you tell Mr. Moore last evening how I had disapointed you; but I will try to make your home pleasant, indeed I will, if you will forgive and love me."

"Love you! Oh, Lizzie, you cannot guess how deeply I love you."

As the little wife lay down that night she said:

"I have won him back again! Better than that, I have learned to keep him!"

AMERICAN WOMEN.

Their Shortcomings as Seen in a Paris Drawing-Room.

"The longer I live in Paris," writes Laurence Franklin in the Providence Journal, "the more I am convinced that our women have the biggest share of

AN OPERATION AVOIDED.

Mrs. Rosa Gaum Writes to Mrs. Pinkham About it. She Says:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I take pleasure in writing you a few lines to inform you of the good your Vegetable Compound has done me. I cannot thank you enough for what your medicine has done for me; it has, indeed, helped me wonderfully. For years I was troubled with an ovarian tumor, each year growing worse, until at last I was compelled to consult with a physician.

He said nothing could be done for me but to go under an operation.

In speaking with a friend of mine about it, she recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, saying she knew it would cure me. I then sent for your medicine, and after taking three bottles of it, the tumor disappeared. Oh! you do not know how much good your medicine has done me. I shall recommend it to all suffering women.—Mrs. ROSA GAUM, 720 Wall St., Los Angeles, Cal.

The great and unvarying success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in relieving every derangement of the female organs, demonstrates it to be the modern safeguard of woman's happiness and bodily strength. More than a million women have been benefited by it.

Every woman who needs advice about her health is invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass.

How Bismarck Could Drink.

Count Andrassy's story of an interview he had with Bismarck is as follows:

"Bismarck had two immense mugs of beer brought to us. He took one of them and shoved the other over to me. I remarked that I drank only water. He looked at me in silence, curiously and almost suspiciously for a minute and then proceeded with the subject under discussion. The more interested he became in our conversation the more frequently and copiously he drank. After finishing his own mug he appropriated mine without a word and put down its contents in three or four tremendous draffs. Then he had a servant fetch and fill two enormous pipes. When he offered me one of them, I explained that I never smoked.

"'What!' he cried, 'neither drink nor smoke? What kind of a supernatural man are you anyway?'

"It was a mercy to both of us, however, that I did not accept the pipe, for Bismarck smoked so incessantly that within 15 minutes the air in the room was dense. When I rose at the end of the evening from the table at which we were sitting, the smoke was so thick that I could hardly see the chancellor's face."

A Short Fight.

The damp of autumn nights and mornings stirs up sciatica, and then

Matches.

The man who was old enough to know better was chasing up and down a Sixteenth street boarding house, trying to find a match to light a cigarette with.

"Did it ever occur to you," he said to the man who finally found a light for him, "what a boon and a benison the cigarette manufacturer has been to the match manufacturer? Think of it a moment. First, however, give me another match for this cigarette. I don't know how many cigarettes are made in this country, but let us, for the sake of argument, say there are a thousand carloads a year. Well, it takes on an average—another light, please—four matches to the cigarette, and the manufacturer of matches must therefore make 4,000 carloads of matches just to meet the cigarette demand. You may not think 4,000 carloads is a great quantity, but if you knew how hard it was to get one match when your cigarette is out, you would think 4,000 carloads wasn't a few if you had to go around begging them. I have never given serious study to the matter, but, looking at it casually, I should say the match manufacturers owe an inestimable debt of gratitude to the cigarette makers."—New York Sun.

Cash Versus Glory.

An ordinary service to mankind is usually paid for at current rates in legal tender. An extraordinary service, not involving the element of heroism, is rewarded by both legal tender and more or less fame. The highest of all services, rendered at the risk of life, is supposed to receive its full compensation in glory, unaccompanied by more sordid considerations. If, however, the hero of the service last mentioned should not be contented with his meed of glory, but should demand more substantial reward, he may receive it indeed, but at a large discount from the other (and in sentimental estimation more valuable) consideration.

Unlike the butcher, the baker and the candlestick maker, who receive their quid pro quo without a thought of humiliation, either in their own minds or yours, the man who saves your life at the risk of his own is looked upon as almost if not quite disgracing himself by accepting your proffered pecuniary reward, although he may, in fact, be in far sorer need than any one of the worthy trio who simply contribute to your necessities or comforts.—Edward P. Jackson in North American Review.

The Glowworm's X Ray.

The glowworm's light is said to have been shown to be due to the emission of rays similar to Roentgen's. Three hundred glowworms were caught near Kioto and placed before photographic plates screened from the light by several thicknesses of black paper, together with plates of brass, copper and aluminium. A piece of cardboard with a hole in it was placed between the metal and the photographic plate, and for two days the arrangement was kept in a dark chamber, sheltered from all foreign lights. On developing the plate it was found to be blackened, except the part opposite the hole in the cardboard. The rays of the glowworm would appear therefore to penetrate metal and excite

Women and the Wheel.

From the Gazette, Delaware, Ohio.

The healthfulness of bicycle riding for women is still a disputed question between eminent physicians and health reformers.

Used in moderation it surely creates for women a means of out-door exercise, the benefit of which all physicians concede. Used to excess, like any other pastime, its effect is likely to be dangerous.

The experience of Miss Bertha Reed, the seventeen-year-old daughter of Mr. J. R. Reed, 335 Lake St., Delaware, Ohio, may point a moral for parents who, like Mr. and Mrs. Reed, have experienced some concern for their daughters who are fond of wheeling. In the fall of '96 Miss Bertha, who had ridden a great deal, began to fail in an alarming manner. She grew steadily paler and thinner, and it appeared she was going into consumption. Rest and quiet did her absolutely no good. A physician found her pulse at 104—a very high rate. Thinking this may have been due to temporary nervousness when he examined her, he watched her closely, but her pulse continued at that rate for two weeks. He was satisfied then, from her high pulse and steadily wasting condition, that she was suffering from anæmia or a bloodless condition of the body. She became extremely weak and could not stand the least noise or excitement. In this condition of affairs they were recommended by an old friend to get some of that famous blood medicine, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They did so, and almost from the first dose Bertha began to improve. She continued to take the pills and was by means of those pills made entirely well, and more grateful people than her parents cannot be found in the whole State of Ohio.

She Rides Well.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved a boon to womankind. Acting directly on the blood and nerves, they restore the requisite vitality to all parts of the body; creating functional regularity and perfect harmony throughout the nervous system. The pallor of the cheeks is changed to the delicate blush of health; the eyes brighten; the muscles grow elastic, ambition is created and good health returns.

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